#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0510 ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

0510/11

Paper 1 (Reading and Writing – Core), maximum raw mark 56

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Pa	ge 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	1	Syllabus	N. P.	
		IGCSE – October/November 2011	l	0510	Day	
Exercis	se 1 Spic	der-Man			A. PapaCan	8
(a)	Malaysia	ı				'de
(b)	no ropes	/ no safety equipment				[1]
(c)	(a small	bag of) powder				[1]
(d)	in darkne	ess / <u>before</u> dawn				[1]
(e)	two / twic	ce				[1]
(f)	(thick) fo	g / moisture				[1]
					[Tota	l: 6]
Exercis	se 2 Pap	ua New Guinea				
(a)		at AND <u>last</u> September ynonyms for 'giant'	BOTH N	EEDED FOR ON	IE MARK	[1]
(b)	0.8 metre	es / 0.8 m AND 1.5 kilos / 1.5 kg	BOTH FO	OR ONE MARK		[1]
(c)		2 500 metres above the forest				
		ate tion was 225 000 years ago / species have d plenty of time to develop		000 years to de O FROM THREE		cies [2]
(d)	70%					[1]
(e)		s AND wild cats / big cats monkeys or wild cats'				[1]
(f)		ly <u>) 30 seconds</u> (they) saw <u>a different type</u> o ynonyms for 'different type'	f frog			[1]
(g)	they wer	e not nervous / they were not shy				[1]

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Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	.0	ľ
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0510	100	

(h) refer to / use / after characteristic of the creature refer to / use / after place where it was found refer to / use name of scientist

ANY TWO FROM THREE

as long as 'refer to / use / after' is used for the first detail, it does not have to be repeated

[Total: 10]

### **Exercise 3 Edinburgh Castle: School Booking Form**

Note: correct spelling is essential throughout the form-filling exercise.

Upper case letters required at the start of proper nouns.

The conventions of form-filling (i.e. instructions to underline, tick, circle, delete) must be observed with total accuracy.

#### Section A: School details

Name and address of school: <u>Grangethorpe School, Balmoral Avenue, Glasgow, Scotland</u>

Name of teacher in charge: Mr Key / Gordon Key

Contact details: i) 077366845

ii) grathorduc@scotnet.org.uk

Section B: Visit details

Date of visit: 21st June 2012

Number of students (please circle one): CIRCLE 21–30

Age group of students (please circle one): CIRCLE 12–18

Number of adult places required: 5

Method of transport to the castle: coach

Will you require a car park ticket? (please delete as appropriate) DELETE NO

I would like to book the following talk: (please tick ONE only) TICK Scotland in the Twentieth Century

Preferred time of talk (please underline one): UNDERLINE afternoon

Will you require lunch in the cafeteria? (please delete as appropriate) DELETE YES

Max total for Sections A and B: 6 marks

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Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	.0	1
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0510	100	

#### **Section C**

Max total for Section C: 4 h

Sentence 1 and 2 must be written from the point of view of Peter Wheaton.

Sentence 1: it is expected that candidates will write about wanting to visit the famous castle/walk around the top of the walls for the magnificent view/see the special exhibition/attend the talk about Scotland.

Sentence 2: it is expected that candidates will write about the project that they have been doing at school.

For each sentence, award up to 2 marks as follows:

**2 marks:** proper sentence construction; correct spelling, punctuation and grammar; gives the information asked for

**1 mark:** proper sentence construction; 1–3 errors of punctuation/spelling/grammar (without obscuring meaning); gives the information asked for

**0 marks:** more than 3 errors of punctuation/spelling/grammar; and/or does not give the information asked for; and/or not a proper sentence; and/or meaning obscure

Absence of a full stop at the end should be considered as 1 punctuation error.

Absence of an upper case letter at the beginning should be considered as 1 punctuation error.

Omission of a word in a sentence should be considered as 1 grammar error.

[Total: 10]

#### Exercise 4 A world of wonders

Correct responses only apply if they are placed under the correct sub-heading (as detailed below). Only one mark may be awarded per line.

Add the correct answers to give a total out of 6.

Remember that this exercise is marked for content (reading), not language.

#### Details of Miyazaki's study

(max 3 marks for this section)

- <u>overflowing</u> with models / <u>overflowing</u> with books accept synonyms for 'overflowing'
- sketches on the walls / sketches pinned to the walls
- photographs on (work)<u>desk</u> / drawings on (work) <u>desk</u>
- on his desk clues to his interests

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Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0510
What you can se	e or visit outside	(max 3 marks for the
• the Totoro / th	ne guard	126
rooftop garde	n	CON
• (bronze) statu	ue (of a robot soldier)	

#### What you can see or visit outside

- rooftop garden
- (bronze) statue (of a robot soldier)
- (red) pine trees
- rooftop café
- Kichijoji Avenue / Inokashira Park

[Total: 6]

#### **Exercise 5** A world of wonders: summary

This exercise is marked for language, not content, but if content is entirely irrelevant to the task, a mark of zero should be awarded.

Count words and do not mark anything exceeding 70 words, as specified in the question. Candidates will not be assessed on anything they have written after this limit, but will not be penalised per se for exceeding it.

0 marks: meaning obscure because of density of language errors and serious problems with

expression/nothing of relevance

1 mark: expression weak/reliance on lifting from the passage

2 marks: expression limited/reliance on copying out the notes, but some sense of order

3 marks: expression good, with attempts to group and sequence ideas in own words

4 marks: expression very good: clear, orderly grouping and sequencing, largely own words

[Total: 4]

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Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	.0	V
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0510	100	

# Exercise 6 Unexpected day's holiday from school Exercise 7 Learn online at home

The following general instructions, and table of marking criteria, apply to both exercises.

- Award the answer a mark for **content (C)** [out of 5] and a mark for **language (L)** [out of 5] in accordance with the General Criteria table that follows.
- **Content** covers **relevance** (i.e. whether the piece fulfils the task and the awareness of purpose/audience/register) and the **development of ideas** (i.e. the detail/explanation provided and how enjoyable it is to read).
- Language covers **style** (i.e. complexity of vocabulary and sentence structure) and **accuracy** (of grammar, spelling, punctuation and use of paragraphs).
- When deciding on a mark for content or language, first of all decide which mark band is most appropriate. There will not necessarily be an exact fit. Then decide between 2 marks within that mark band. Use the lower mark if it only just makes it into the band and the upper mark if it fulfils all the requirements of the band but doesn't quite make it into the band above.
- When deciding on a mark for **content**, look at both **relevance** and **development of ideas**. First ask yourself whether the writing fulfils the task, in terms of points to be covered and the length. If it does, it will be in the 4–5 mark band.
- When deciding on a mark for **language**, look at both the **style** and the **accuracy** of the language. A useful starting point would be first to determine whether errors intrude. If they do not, it will be in the 4–5 mark band.
- The **use of paragraphs** should **not** be the primary basis of deciding which mark band the work is in. Look first at the language used and once you have decided on the appropriate mark band, you can use the paragraphing as a factor in helping you to decide whether the work warrants the upper or lower mark in the mark band.
- If the essay is considerably **shorter than the stated word length**, it should be put in mark band 2–3 for content or lower for not fulfilling the task. The language mark is likely to be affected and is unlikely to be more than one band higher than the content mark.
- If the essay is **totally irrelevant** and has nothing to do with the question asked, it should be given 0 marks for Content and Language, even if it is enjoyable to read and fluent.
- If the essay is **partly relevant** and therefore in mark band 2–3, the full range of marks for language is available.

[Total Exercise 6: 10] [Total Exercise 7: 10]

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	.0	V
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0510	100	100

## **GENERAL CRITERIA FOR MARKING EXERCISES 6 and 7 (PAPER 1)**

Page 7 Mark Scheme: Teacher		rs' versi	ion Syllabus r	
•		IGCSE – October/Nove		011 0510
GENEI	RAL CRIT	ERIA FOR MARKING EXERCIS	ES 6 an	nd 7 (PAPER 1)
Mark band	_	ONTENT: relevance and development of ideas (AO: W1, W2, W6)	Mark band	ion Syllabus 011 0510  nd 7 (PAPER 1)  LANGUAGE: style and accuracy (AO: W1, W3, W4, W5)
4–5	reasoregis purpor satisi to ad be di  Deve	evance: Fulfils the task, with conable attempt at appropriate ster, and some sense of ose and audience. A factory attempt has been made ddress the topic, but there may igressions. Elopment of ideas: Material is factorily developed at opriate length.	4–5	<ul> <li>Safe:</li> <li>Style: Mainly simple structures and vocabulary, sometimes attempting more sophisticated language.</li> <li>Accuracy: Meaning is clear, and work is of a safe, literate standard. Simple structures are generally sound, apart from infrequent spelling errors, which do not interfere with communication. Grammatical errors occur when more sophistication is attempted. Paragraphs are used but without coherence or unity.</li> </ul>
2–3	some Does altho quali show purpo of Deve some the e	elevant: evance: Partly relevant and e engagement with the task. s not quite fulfil the task, ough there are some positive ities. Inappropriate register, ving insufficient awareness of ose and/or audience. elopment of ideas: Supplies e detail and explanation, but effect is incomplete. Some tition.	2–3	<ul> <li>Style: Simple structures and vocabulary.</li> <li>Accuracy: Meaning is sometimes in doubt. Frequent, distracting errors hamper precision and slow down reading. However, these do not seriously impair communication. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent.</li> </ul>
0–1	<ul> <li>Limit this is error</li> <li>No e any e comperror comp</li> </ul>	levance: ted engagement with task, but is mostly hidden by density of it. Award 1 mark. Engagement with the task, or engagement with task is pletely hidden by density of it. Award 0 marks. If essay is pletely irrelevant, no mark can iven for language.	0–1	<ul> <li>Hard to understand:         <ul> <li>Multiple types of error in grammar/spelling/word usage/punctuation throughout, which mostly make it difficult to understand. Occasionally, sense can be deciphered. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 1 mark.</li> <li>Density of error completely obscures meaning. Whole sections impossible to recognise as pieces of English writing. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 0 marks.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>